

# Agenda

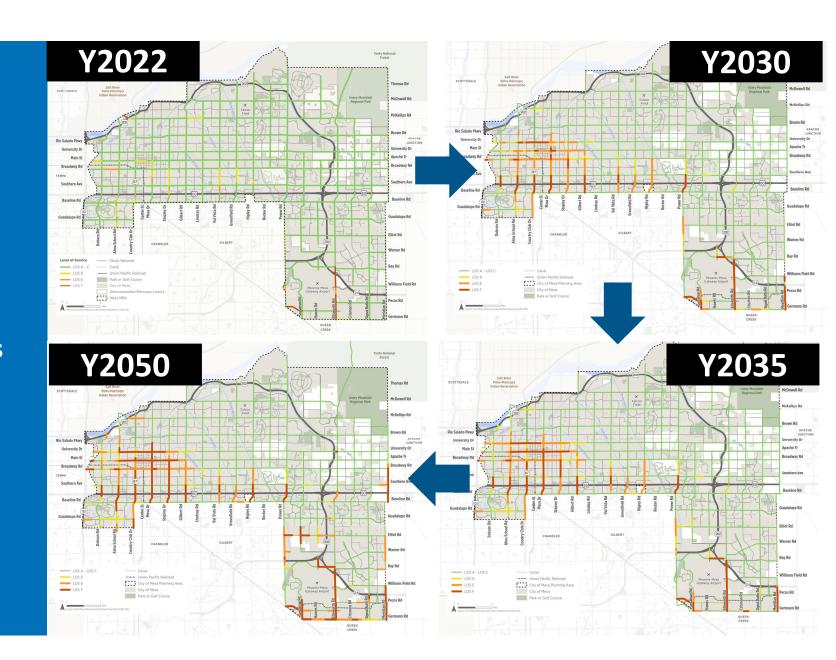
- Future Conditions
- Future Needs
- Street Typologies
- Final Schedule

# What is a Transportation Master Plan?

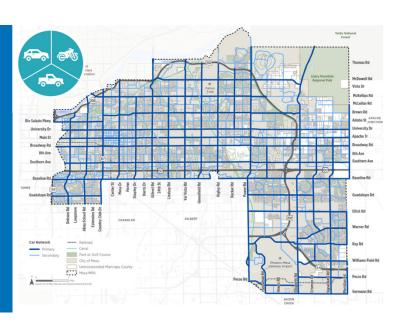
- A Transportation Master Plan describes the existing transportation system and the projects, programs, and policies that will allow a community to meet its transportation needs and aspirations now and into the future.
- A Transportation Plan is Visionary, Comprehensive and Community Responsive.
- A Transportation Plan is not Legal Code, Standard Specifications or Compliant Actions.
- Mostly, a Transportation Plan is a tool to help City staff, management, elected officials and residents determine future transportation needs.

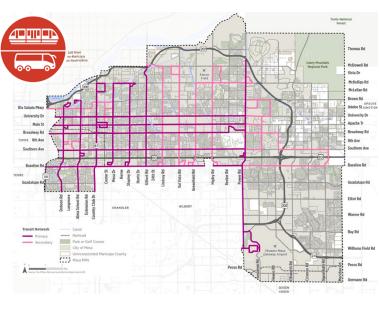
# FUTURE CONDITIONS

Congestion
 Levels, if NO
 Road
 Improvements
 Made



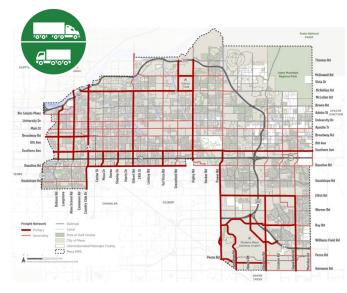
Complete Networks

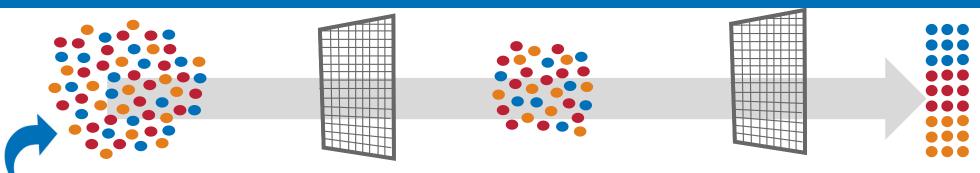












### Step 1. Collect a Universe of Ideas

- Staff, community and stakeholder feedback
- Transportation Advisory Board input
- General Plan growth strategies
- Comprehensive data analysis

#### Step 2. Evaluate Needs

Needs were grouped into categories and evaluated to confirm that they:

- Address specific issue/gap
- Achieve the TMP vision and goals
- Support General Plan's growth strategies

#### Step 3. Determine Priority/Phasing

Based on the evaluation results, needs were further screened to confirm implementation feasibility and then categorized by priority/phasing tiers for implementation.



**Roadway and Safety Needs** 



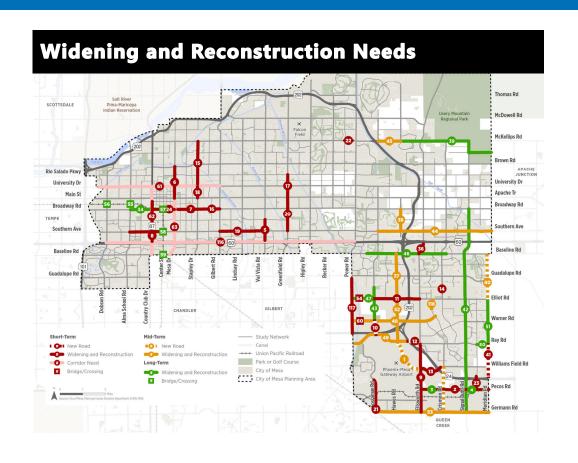
**Pedestrian Needs** 



**Bicycle Needs** 



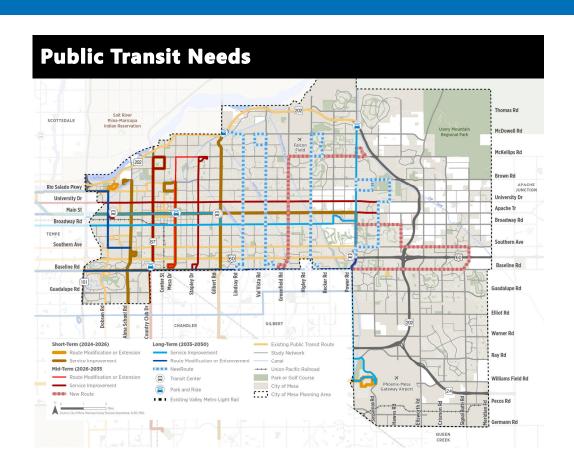
**Transit Needs** 



- Widening and Reconstruction
- New Roads
- Bridge and Crossing Needs
- Intersection Improvements
- Safety Improvement Needs
- Corridor Studies



- Shared Use Path Network Needs
- Sidewalk Gaps on Collectors and Arterials
- Bicycle Gaps and Extensions
- Upgrades to Existing Bicycle Facilities
- Crossing Improvement Needs



- Transit Service Needs from the Mesa Transit Master Plan
- Transit Crossing Needs

**DOWNTOWN MESA** 

Travel Shed #1

Incorporating Mesa's vibrant downtown, the Downtown Mesa Travel Shed is the heart of the City. Home to a dense mix of dining, retail, nightlife, arts and culture, residential and employment centers, the Downtown Mesa Travel Shed is a hot bed of activity.

#### TRAVEL SHED CHARACTERISTICS AND NEEDS

#### Anticipated Boom in Population and Employment Growth

Both population and employment density are expected to increase by over 20% by 2050.

#### Heavy Pedestrian and Bicycling Demand

The Travel Shed has one of the highest percentages of people walking and biking. The current bike network, however, is largely un-separated facilities that may not be comfortable for most. In addition, there are numerous gaps in the pedestrian and bicycle network that cause barriers to access.

#### A Hub for Public Transit

With the regional light rail system, numerous bus routes, and a potential new streetcar, Downtown Mesa is the City's hub to local and regional transit

#### Dense, Urban Form Anticipated to Grow and Transform

Adding to the complexity of the travel shed is the fact that most of the land in the Downtown Travel Shed was largely designated as an area of growth and transformation by the 2050 Mesa General Plan.

The Travel Shed includes 1/3 of Mesa's high injury network segments and 13 of the 30 high injury intersections. Four of the segments and three of the intersections are in the top ten worst segments and intersections.

# 0



42% employment increase

8% elderly population

11% no vehicle households

<1% <1% Transit Other

HOW ARE PEOPLE TRAVELING

**5**0

1% Bike

BY 2050

85% 12% Drive Walk

SYSTEM AT A GLANCE\* 490 Jane miles **EQUITY** § 19% families below poverty

28% arterials 64% locals

42 miles of hike facilities 146 signalized intersections 341 bus stops

**DOWNTOWN MESA** 

#### THE CURRENT What Investments Do Residents Want to See?

Pedestrian and bicycle safety improvements

Improvements to reduce

vehicle congestion

and bike lanes What Goals Are Most Important?

Manage and Maintain

#### **Meeting Capacity Needs**

**DOWNTOWN MESA** 

Safety concerns, caused by speeding vehicles or unsafe connections to transit, is a

· Enhance public transit access to major regional centers and increase connectivity

protected bike lanes on arterials and on wide roads with high vehicle speeds.

Riverview Park, along Main Street, and along the Tempe Canal.

times at signals in areas with heavy pedestrian and bicycle traffic.

· Increase comfort and connectivity of the bike network, including connecting paths to

Add bike lanes and shared-use paths along Main Street and the Tempe Canal, Prioritize

· Increase comfortability by providing shade, adding amenities, and increasing crossing

. Desire to develop Main Street and Downtown Mesa into a vibrant space that integrates placemaking, additional pedestrian and bicycle facilities and amenities; supports high

Travel Shed #1

frequency transit; and increases green spaces.

between the light rail and major bus routes.

WHAT HAVE WE HEARD?



**Bicycle Facilities** 

Less Expensive Bike Lanes

WHAT DOES THE TRAVEL SHED NEED TO ADDRESS CURRENT AND FUTURE MOBILITY NEEDS?

To address current and future mobility needs, it is imperative that the Downtown Mesa Travel Shed focus on:

Addressing safety and congestion concerns in a developing area

Creating ways for people to get to and through the Travel Shed efficiently and safely

Incorporating transit supportive street design and first-last mile connections

Increasing the comfort and connectivity of walking and biking facilities

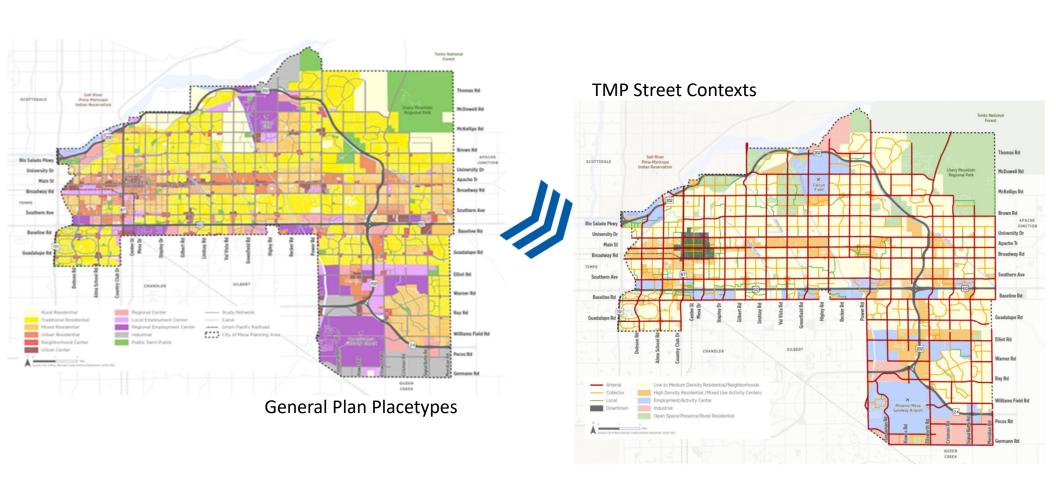
#### **DOWNTOWN MESA**

Roadway Improvement Needs



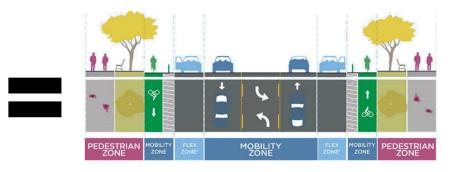
| 2      | Project Location  Term Improvement Needs                            | Need Type      | Description   |
|--------|---|----------------|---|
| 6      | Mesa Drive: Main Street to McKellips Road                           | Widening       | Complete improvements along the Mesa Drive Corridor bying into the newly improved Mesa Drive to the south. Add additional lanes at intersections to increase capacity and enhances safety. Improve the mobilization characteristics for pedestrians, bicyclists, transit and vehicula traffic ulong Mesa Drive. Identified in MRG's RSTIB. Man Street to Brown Road segment is C. If # CP0664.  |
| 7      | Broadway Road: Lesueur to Spur                                      | Widening       | Add additional lanes at the intersection of Broadway/Stapley to increase capacity and enhance safety; replace pavement; accommodate bik<br>lanes and pedestrian sidewalks. CIP # CP0666, construction anticipated to commence in 2024.  |
| 8      | Southern Avenue & Country Club Drive<br>Roadways                    | Reconstruction | Reconstruct two major arterials where pavement is failing. The two segments are Southern Avenue; Alma School Road to Center Street and Country Club Drive; US 60 to 1st Avenue, CIP # CP0844  |
| 15     | Stapley Drive: University Drive to McKellips<br>Road                | Reconstruction | Reconstruct arterial street segments that are at the end of their life cycle and can no longer be maintained by conventional means. Concurre work will include upgrades to any concrete ramps, driveways and sidewalks to current ADA standards. Utilize street typology guidelines to reconfigure roadway to possibly accommodate appropriate biking and walking facilities. CPI # CPIO993   |
| 16     | Broadway Road: Stapley Drive to Gilbert<br>Road                     | Reconstruction | Reconstruct arterial street segments that are at the end of their life cycle and can no longer be maintained by conventional means. Concurre work will include upgedest or any concrete ramps, driveways and sidewalsts to current ADA standards. Utilize street typology guidelines to reconfigure readway to possibly accommodate appropriate biting and walking facilities. (JP # CPIO90)  |
| 18     | Stapley Drive: Main Street to University<br>Drive                   | Reconstruction | Reconstruct arterial street segments that are at the end of their life cycle and can no longer be maintained by conventional means. Concurre work will include upgrades to any concrete ramps, driveways and sidewalks to current ADA standards. CIP # CP1092   |
| 24     | Broadway Road: Country Club to Mesa<br>Drive                        | Widening       | Construct lane extensions around the intersections and various roadway improvements from Country Club to Mesa Drive.  |
| 26     | Mesa Drive: Brown Road to McKellips Road                            | Safety         | Identified as a high-injury segment. Evaluate in the City of Mesa Safety Action Plan to determine appropriate safety improvements.  |
| 27     | Dobson Road: Broadway Road to Main<br>Street                        | Safety         | Identified as a high-injury segment. Evaluate in the City of Mesa Safety Action Plan to determine appropriate safety improvements.  |
| 64     | Stapley Drive and University Drive                                  | Intersection   | Construct an additional left turn lane and right turn lane in all directions to reduce traffic congestion at this intersection. This project has been identified as a Regional Transportation Plan project. CIP #CP05041  |
| 65     | Country Club Drive and University Drive                             | Intersection   | Construct intersection improvements to reduce traffic congestion and improve safety. CIP # CP0028   |
| 71     | University Drive and Mesa Drive                                     | Safety         | Conduct project assessment to identify and implement intersection safety improvements   |
| 74     | Rio Salado Parkway and Dobson Road                                  | Safety         | Conduct project assessment to identify and implement intersection safety improvements   |
| 79     | Brown Road and Mesa Drive Intersection                              | Safety         | Conduct project assessment to identify and implement intersection safety improvements   |
| Aid-Te | erm Improvement Needs   |                | A PARTICULAR CONTROL VIOLENCE CONTROL |
| 31     | Broadway Road: Dobson Road to<br>Roosevelt Road                     | Safety         | Identified as a high-injury segment. Evaluate in the City of Mesa Safety Action Plan to determine appropriate safety improvements   |
| 32     | Southern Avenue: Horne Street to Stapley<br>Drive                   | Safety         | Identified as a high-injury segment. Evaluate in the City of Mesa Safety Action Plan to determine appropriate safety improvements.  |
| 86     | Rio Salado Parkway and Alma School Road                             | Safety         | Conduct project assessment to identify and implement intersection safety improvements   |
| 90     | Southern Avenue and Gilbert Road                                    | Intersection   | Conduct project assessment to identify and implement intersection capacity improvements   |
| 92     | Brown Road and Center Street Intersection                           | Safety         | Conduct project assessment to identify and implement intersection safety improvements   |
| 110    | Broadway Road and Mesa Drive  | Safety         | Identified as a high-injury segment. Evaluate in the City of Mesa Safety Action Plan to determine appropriate safety improvements   |
| 112    | Alma School Road and Main Street                                    | Safety         | Identified as a high-injury segment. Evaluate in the City of Mesa Safety Action Plan to determine appropriate safety improvements   |
| 115    | Broadway Road and Dobson Road                                       | Safety         | Identified as a high-injury segment. Evaluate in the City of Mesa Safety Action Plan to determine appropriate safety improvements   |
|        | Ferm Improvement Needs Broadway Road: Country Club Drive to         |                |   |
| 34     | Alma School Road  | Reconstruction | Reconstruct roadway.  |
| 55     | Alma School Road and UPRR Railroad<br>Dobson Road and UPRR Railroad | Crossing       | Grade-separated crossing over UPRR railroad   |
| 56     |   | Crossing       | Grade-separated crossing over UPRR railroad   |
| 57     | Broadway Road and UPRR Railroad at<br>Center Street                 | Crossing       | Grade-separated crossing over UPRR railroad   |
| 58     | Southern Avenue and UPRR Railroad                                   | Crossing       | Grade-separated crossing over UPRR railroad   |

# Integration with the General Plan



# STREET TYPOLOGIES PROCESS





#### **Street Typologies**

Defines Street Elements (Travel lanes, transit infrastructure, sidewalks, bike lanes, etc.)

# STREET TYPOLOGIES PROCESS



#### **City of Mesa Street Typologies**

A context-sensitive approach for designing Mesa's streets





2 Determine modal priorities

Reference complete

modal networks from the Mesa TMP and identify



For existing corridors, gather existing ROW width, traffic volumes

Right-of-Way (ROW)

Specific Safety Issues Speeding, high pedestrian crash rates, nearby schools, frequent driveways, etc.

Allocate space to accommodate all users Identify Minimum:

> Sidewalk width Landscape width

♠ Bicycle facilities

 Allocate remaining street right of way Allocate space based on modal overlay, safety and land use context.

#### Functional Classification & **Street Context**



#### **Arterials**



erials in High Density Residential / Mixed Use Activity Centers provide access to local destinations and services. Many trip users should be balanced with the street's overall efficiency. Safe crossings for people walking and access to transit are important

| Key Characteristics  | How many lan       | es are needed?            | Stre     | eet Design Elements  | Preferre | d Allowable<br>Range |
|--|--------------------|---------------------------|----------|--|----------|----------------------|
|  |                    |                           | 83       | Travel Lane Width  | 111      | 10-12"               |
| Right of Way<br>130  |                    |                           | PHICLES  | Raised Median (Preferred)  | 14-201   | 11-24'               |
| feet   | 0 - 3k volume      | 0 - 12k volume<br>2 lanes | 8        | Striped Median (Allowable)   | 12-14"   | 11-16"               |
| and the same of th | 2 lanes (unmarked) |                           | BIKEWAYS | Preferred: Protected Bike Lane or Shared Use Path<br>Allowable: Buffered Bike Lane |          |                      |
|  |                    |                           |          | Protected Bike Lane Width  | 6'       | 5-8'                 |
| 0 50<br>Target Speed   |                    |                           |          | Protected Bike Lane Buffer*  | 4'       | 2-6"                 |
| 35 – 40<br>miles per hour  | 10 - 20k volume    | 20 - 30k volume           | E E      | Shared-Use Path Width**  | 12"      | 8-16'                |
| Times per troor  | 2 lanes + median   | 4 lanes + median          |          | Buffered Bike Lane Width   | 6'       | 5-8'                 |
| <b>**</b>  |                    |                           | EWALK    | Buffered Bike Lane Buffer  | 4'       | 2-6'                 |
| Target Shade Covering  |                    |                           |          | Sidewalk Width   | 8.       | 5-10'                |
| 30-40%   |                    |                           |          | Landscaped Buffer Width  | 8-12'    | 3-15'                |
|  |                    |                           |          | ossing Frequency   | 800'     | 800-1300'            |
|  |                    |                           |          | of union vertical sensoration  | 100      |                      |

**Street Typology Details** 

#### **Arterials**

#### Pedestrian Guidance

Arterials must provide a safe environment for people walking from their homes to transit and other key destinations.

Crosswalk Type: High visibility crosswalks (A) are recommended.

Pedestrian Signals: Leading pedestrian intervals and automatic pedestrian signals are recommended near schools, parks, and areas with significant numbers of people walking.

Mid-Block Crossings: Mid-block crossings can be used to create direct connections between neighborhoods and important destinations for people walking, such as parks, playgrounds, and schools. Because of the speeds and volumes on arterials, signalized or pedestrian hybrid beacon crossings (B) with high visibility signage and a refuge island are needed to create safe mid-block crossings.

#### **Traffic Calming Guidance**

Additional design tools may be needed to ensure speeds are safe for all street

Center Medians: Planted center medians (C) narrow the field of vision for drivers and

Guidance for Pedestrian & Traffic Calming Facilities









#### **Bicycle Guidance**

Arterials provide the dual function of enabling access to local destinations and connecting neighborhoods to the wider bike network.

Bikeway Option 1: Off-Street Shared Use Paths (D) should be applied where bike and pedestrian volumes are anticipated to be low and very limited crossings (driveways and intersections) are present.

Bikeway Ontion 2: Off-Street Cycle Ways (E) are one-way hicycle-only naved nathon each side of street with buffers between them and the street and sidewalks. They should be used in areas of higher bike and pedestrian activity.

Bikeway Option 3: If off-street bikeway is not feasible, an on-street lane with a buffer crete curb protection (F) is recommended

Trail Crossings: Where trails cross arterials, consider a raised center median to slow vehicles and create a two-stage crossing for bicyclists. Trail crossings may also benefit from user-activated Hybrid Beacons or Rectangular Rapid Flashing Beacons (C).

Arterials often have a raised median with center turn lanes. Design of the raised median should focus on visually narrowing the street, which slows traffic, and also provide pedestrian and bicycle refuge space for two-stage crossings. Green infrastructure and stree lighting can also be included in raised medians



# Final Stage of TMP Development

- Currently Finalizing Future Needs and Street Typologies
- Draft Final Document In May through June
- Phase III Community Engagement In June and July
- Final Approved Document Anticipated in July August
  - Executive Summary
  - Main Document
  - Appendices for Technical Items
  - Implementation Strategies

# WHERE WE ARE AT

